AQUINO DROPS CLOSE AIDES TO END GOVERNMENT PURGE.

By **Chaitanya Kalbag** 610 words 17 September 1987 Reuters News English (c) 1987 Reuters Limited

MANILA, Sept 17, Reuter - Philippine President Corazon Aquino, under pressure from a disgruntled military, dropped two of her closest friends and advisers on Thursday as she continued to rebuild her battered government.

Fighting to contain the after effects of a coup attempt three weeks ago that nearly toppled her and revealed deep differences within the government, Aquino said in a televised statement: "I assure you we are on top of the situation."

In response to a propaganda barrage unleashed by the fugitive leaders of the failed revolt, she said: "All measures are being taken to safeguard this republic ... do not listen to this disinformation campaign."

Her hands clasped in front of her, her manner calm, Aquino said she was accepting the resignations of Executive Secretary Joker Arroyo and Legal Counsel Teodoro "Teddy Boy" Locsin.

She retained her armed forces chief General Fidel Ramos, whose sacking had been sought by the coup leaders.

In an unprecedented move, she put Ramos on live nationwide television to try to recapture the publicity initiative lost to the rebels.

Choosing the dramatic setting of the burned-out shell of the Armed Forces Heaquarters building -- recaptured from the rebels in the August 28 rebellion -- Ramos said the military was "continuing to maintain our protection (of Aquino) and safeguard the stability of the republic."

He called for greater civilian support for the military.

Aquino praised Arroyo, 60, as a man of "proven courage" who had defied former president Ferdinand Marcos's authoritarian rule.

"He has left in the hope that this would bring peace and quiet to the government."

She said Locsin would continue to work with her as a consultant from outside the cabinet.

The two men submitted their resignations along with the rest of Aquino's 26-member cabinet on September 9. On Wednesday the 54-year-old leader announced Vice-President Salvador Laurel had quit his post of Foreign Affairs Secretary and she had dropped Finance Secretary Jaime Ongpin. Two senior officials outside the cabinet were also replaced.

Aquino's spokesman Teodoro Benigno told reporters there would be no further cabinet changes. "(This) finishes it off," he said.

He said Aquino was "very upbeat", in contrast with her grim-faced televised speech on Wednesday in which she admitted to sharp disagreement with Laurel over her handling of an 18-year-old communist insurgency.

Arroyo, a former human rights lawyer who defended hundreds of political prisoners during the martial rule imposed by Marcos between 1972 and 1981, was perceived as a leftist by a restive military which wanted an all-out war against the communists.

He also earned widespread unpopularity among businessmen, who believed he had slowed Aquino's decision-making.

Locsin, who was Aquino's main speechwriter, came under sharp attack after the latest coup attempt because of what senior military commanders felt was his high-handed manner.

Aquino said Arroyo would be replaced by his deputy Catalino Macaraig. In another apparent conciliatory

gesture towards the military on Wednesday, she named two retired generals to the posts of acting foreign secretary and customs commissioner.

Political analysts said Laurel's departure had caused a deep rupture in the "rainbow coalition" that brought Aquino to power in February 1986. They said he was expected to forge a new alliance with opposition leader Juan Ponce Enrile, who also strongly opposes the government's handling of the insurgency.

Manila's two stock markets fell again on Thursday amid nervous trading before Aquino's announcement.

Bankers and businessmen have said the turmoil of the past three weeks has severely set back the Philippines' economic recovery and deterred investors.

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